

SPM Anatomy Toolbox Version 3.0

For any questions and comments regarding the SPM Anatomy toolbox please contact Prof. Simon Eickhoff (s.eickhoff@fz-juelich.de)

For general questions and comments regarding cytoarchitectonic mapping please contact Prof. Katrin Amunts (*k.amunts@fz-juelich.de*)

References for the SPM Anatomy toolbox:

Eickhoff S, Stephan KE, Mohlberg H, Grefkes C, Fink GR, Amunts K, Zilles K. A new SPM toolbox for combining probabilistic cytoarchitectonic maps and functional imaging data. *NeuroImage* 25(4), 1325-1335, 2005

Eickhoff, S.B.; Heim, S.; Zilles, K.; Amunts, K. Testing anatomically specified hypotheses in functional imaging using cytoarchitectonic maps. *NeuroImage* 32(2), 570-582, 2006

Eickhoff SB, Paus T, Caspers S, Grosbras MH, Evans A, Zilles K, Amunts K. Assignment of functional activations to probabilistic cytoarchitectonic areas revisited. *NeuroImage* 36(3), 511-521, 2007

References for probabilistic cytoarchitectonic mapping

Zilles K, Amunts K. Centenary of Brodmann's map – conception and fate. Nature Reviews Neuroscience 11(2): 139-145, 2010 Amunts K, Schleicher A, Zilles K. Cytoarchitecture of the cerebral cortex – more than localization. Neuroimage 37: 1061-1065, 2007

Zilles K, Schleicher A, Palomero-Gallagher N, Amunts K. Quantitative analysis of cyto- and receptor architecture of the human brain. In: Brain Mapping: The Methods, J. Mazziotta and A. Toga (eds.), p. 573-602, 2002

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Atlas & Assignment Tool

ROI Tool

Atlas & Assignment Tool



- 1) Coordinate panel Showing and changing the crosshair position
- 2) Figure settings Modifying the display of the orthogonal sections
- 3) Orthogonal sections Showing the MNI152 template in the background with the JuBrain Maximum Probability Map in lighter greyx
- 4). Overlay controls Load or remove an SPM map or an image overlay
- 5) JuBrain Voxel Assignment Cytoarchitectonic information for the crosshair location
- 6) JuBrain Cluster assignment
 Cytoarchitectonic information per overlay-cluster
 + Navigation through the overlay (SPM map, image)
- 8) Macroanatomical panel Assignment of the crosshair position and the current overlay cluster (if applicable) to the Harvard-Oxford macroanatomical atlas

7) Control panel

Various controls including the change of font size (+ / - buttons)



Change the colormap of an overlay (not affecting the atlas & template display)

Crosshair Position

0.0 -18.0 18.0



assignment for all clusters as tsv

\$

Orthogonal sections

Coordinate panel

Colormap "hot"



In dark grey, the (non-linear) MNI152 template is shown, light grey represents the assignment to histological areas based on the JuBrain Maximum Probability Map. This map assigns each voxel to the most likely histological area at that position.

Overlays, e.g., findings from functional or structural imaging studies may be overlayed on this map and are shown using the color-scale defined in the figure settings panel.

Clicking on any of the three sections changes the cross-hair position to that location. In this process, the coordinate panel, the JuBrain voxel assignment and the macroanatomical information is updated.

Overlay controls



Bring up the SPM contrast manager, allowing you to define, evaluate and threshold contrasts

Add an overlay image from a nifti-file. Premultiply: Multiply all image values by a scalar Hight threshold: Evaluated after pre-multiplication Extent threshold: In voxels (native image space)

Remove the current overlay (only one overlay can be shown at any time)

Overlays need to be in MNI152 space and are resampled to the template resolution (1 mm isotropic)

JuBrain Voxel Assignment



Information in this panel pertain (only) to the voxel at the cross-hair position

Crosshair Position mm: 65.4 -7.6 17.8 0 vx: 162.0 125.0 97.0 0	Hide Crosshair BBox (nonzero) 🗘 Colormap "hot"	NA	
Cytoarchitecture (JuBrain) Area OP4 [PV]	Add SPM	14 🛶 🕰	
48.5% Area OP4 [PV] 18.5% Area 1 12.6% Area 3b	Add Image		
3.2% Area PFop (IPL) Area OP4 [PV] S. Eickhoff, A. Schleicher, K. Z	Remove	lum. I. Cytoarchitectonic mapping of subdivisions. Cereb. Cortex 16 (2): 25	54-267, 2006.,
S. Eickhoff, K. Amunts, H. Mol Area 1 S. Geyer, A. Schleicher, K. Zill S. Geyer, T. Schorman, H. Mo Area 3b S. Geyer, T. Schorman, H. Mo Area 3b S. Geyer, T. Schorman, H. Mo Area 4F00 (Wer, A. Schlei S. Gaspers, S. Geyer, A. Schlei S. Gaspers, S. Geyer, A. Schlei S. Gaspers, S. Geyer, A. Schlei	Ilberg, K. Zilles. The human parietal opercul Is. Areas 3a, 3b, and 1 of human primarys os hiberg, K. Zilles, Areas 3a, 3b, and 1 of hum is. Areas 3a, 3b, and 1 of human primary so hiberg, K. Zilles, Areas 3a, 3b, and 1 of hum cher, H. Mohlberg, K. Amunts, K. Zilles, The yer, F. Scheperjans, H. Mohlberg, K. Zilles, The	um. II. Stereotaxic maps and correlation with functional imaging results. Ce matosensory cortex: I. Microstructural organisation and interindividual va na primary somatosensory cortex: II. Spatial normalization to standard an imatosensory cortex: I. Microstructural organisation and interindividual va na primary somatosensory cortex: II. Spatial normalization to standard an human inferior parietal cortex: Cytoarchitectonic parcellation and interind C. Amunts. The human inferior parietal lobule in stereotaxic space. Brain Str	reb. Cortex 16 (2): 268-279, 2006. itability. Neuroimage 10: 63-83, 1999. atomical space. Neuroimage 11 (6): 684-696, 2000. itability. Neuroimage 10: 63-83, 1999. atomical space. Neuroimage 32 (3): 430-445, 2006. incutor and Function 212 (6): 481-495, 2008. Promt All Chustors +

Pointing the cursor on the name of a cytoarchitectonic area and keeping it there for ~1 second reveals the references describing the cytoarchitectonic mapping of this histological area.

JuBrain Cluster assignment

This will update the JuBrain Voxel Assignment panel for information on maxima location

Use this menu to jump to the different clusters.

Coordinates indicate the location of the cluster maximum

Comparison between the current cluster and the JuBrain MPM

Overlap is provided relative to cluster and area (in brackets) volume (Eickhoff et al., 2005)

Average probability for each JuBrain area at the location of the cluster relative to its full probability map

Higher values indicate a location more towards the center of the area (cf. Eickhoff et al., 2007)

overlay value (e.g., T / Z statistic). Image: timing [u=0.0, k=0] (618 vox): -38 / -12 / +60 (7.61): -38 / -12 / +60\$ Assignment based on Maximum Probability Map 11.8% in Area 3b [5.8 activated] 7.2% in Area 1 [3.4 activated] 4.0% in Area 4p [3.3 activated] 3.9% in Area 4a [1.7 activated] 3.5% in Area 2 [1.6 activated] Probability exceedance (under cluster vs. entire map) 1.51 [1.35; 1.73] for Area 4p 1.49 [1.40; 1.55] for Area 3b 1.24 [1.16; 1.33] for Area 1 0.90 [0.82; 0.97] for Area 2

Top probabilites at peak voxels (union) 0.99 for Area 1 0.92 for Area 3b 0.77 for Area 2 0.46 for Area 4a

0.75 [0.72; 0.79] for Area 4a

Union of the probability values for each area at the location of the local maxima

High values indicate that at least one peak was most likely located in the respective area give histological variability

The Macroanatomical panel follows the same layout

It is concurrently updated when a new cluster / maximum is selected

Use this menu to jump to the different peaks (local maxima) within a cluster.

Values in parenthesis indicate the